

DISTRICT LEVEL HOUSEHOLD AND FACILITY SURVEY -4

STATE FACT SHEET ARUNACHAL PRADESH

(2012-13)



International institute for population sciences (Deemed University)

med University) **Mumbai**

Introduction

Three rounds of District Level Household and Facility Survey (DLHS) have been undertaken by the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Government of India in the past (Round- I in 1998-99, Round-II in 2002-04, and Round-III in 2007-08) with the main objective to provide reproductive and child health related database at district level in India. The data from these surveys have been useful in setting the benchmarks and examining the progress the country has made after the implementation of RCH programme. In addition, the evidence generated by these surveys have also been useful for the monitoring and evaluation of ongoing programmes and planning of suitable strategies by the central and state governments. In view of the completion of six years of National Rural Health Mission (2005-12), there was a felt need to focus on the achievements and improvements so far. The Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Government of India, therefore initiated the process of conducting DLHS-4 during 2012-2013 and has designated the International Institute for Population Sciences (IIPS) as the nodal agency to carry out the survey.

Bilingual questionnaires in the local language and English pertaining to Households and Ever Married Women (age 15-49 years) were canvassed by using Computer Assisted Personal Interviewing (CAPI). In DLHS-4 Clinical, Anthropometric and Bio-Chemical (CAB) tests were also carried out in all selected households. The village and health facilities were canvassed using printed questionnaires. In the household questionnaire, information on all members of the household and socio-economic characteristics of the household, assets possessed, number of marriages and deaths in the household since January 2008, etc. were collected. The ever-married women's questionnaire contained information on women's characteristics, maternal care, immunization and childcare, contraception and fertility preferences, reproductive health including knowledge about HIV/AIDS. The village questionnaire contained information on availability of health, education and other facilities in the village, and whether the facilities are accessible throughout the year. The health facility questionnaire contained information on human resources, infrastructure, and services. For the first time, a population-linked facility survey has been conducted in DLHS-4. All Community Health Centres (CHCs), District Hospitals and Sub Divisional Hospitals were covered. Further, all Sub-Health Centres and Primary Health Centres (PHCs) which serve the population of the selected PSUs were also covered. Fieldwork in Arunachal Pradesh was conducted during June 2013 to January 2014, gathering information from 15,890 households, 12,938 ever married women and also from 260 health facilities.

This fact sheet gives information on the key indicators and trends for the state of Arunachal Pradesh. A separate fact sheet is available for each of the 16 districts.

Arunachal Pradesh- Key Indicators

	DLHS-4 (2012-13)			DLHS-3 (2007-08)			
Indicators		RURAL			RURAL		
Sample Size							
Households surveyed	15,890	13,092	2,798	21,452	17,956	3,496	
Ever married women age15-49 years	12, 938	10,615	2,323	15,207	12,604	2,603	
Currently married women age 15-49 years interviewed	12,103	9920	2,183	13,866	11,478	2,388	
Population and household profile							
Percentage of population literate age 7+ years	73.9	70.2	87.1	76.6	74.8	86.5	
Percentage of population below age 15 years		32.3	30.8	26.9	25.9	32.0	
Mean household size	4.7	4.8	4.5	4.2	4.2	4.3	
Sex ratio at birth (Males per 100 Females)	102	102	100	4.4	4.3	4.3	
Percentage of households							
Having electricity	86.1	82.2	99.2	91.8	91.1	95.7	
Improved source of drinking water ¹	91.7	90.2	97.1	92.8	91.9	97.5	
Having access to improved toilet facility	63.1	55.5	88.9	51.6	46.1	80.8	
Use clean fuel for cooking ²		20.1	81.1	26.0	17.5	70.5	
Marriage							
Mean age at marriage for girls (marriages that occurred during the reference period)	21.3	21.3	21.4	21.7	21.7	21.2	
Mean age at marriage for boys (marriages that occurred during the reference period)	24.5	24.6	24.4	25.4	24.5	25.9	
Percentage of currently married women married below age 18 years (marriages that occurred during the reference period)	13.0	13.2	12.4	8.2	7.8	11.2	
Percentage of currently married men married below age 21 years (marriages that occurred during the reference period)	18.3	18.6	17.5	14.5	14.7	13.0	
Characteristics of women (%)							
Currently married women who are illiterate	46.0	53.0	26.0	32.4	34.1	24.1	
Currently married women with 10 or more years of schooling	21.0	15.1	39.7	23.7	20.6	38.7	
Fertility (%)							
Births to women aged 15-19 years out of total births ³	4.3	4.4	4.3	2.5	2.1	4.3	
Women aged 20-24 years reporting birth order of 2 & above	40.1	43.0	29.6	32.8	32.3	34.7	
Women aged 15-49 years who reported birth order of 3 & above	42.6	45.1	33.9	24.6	24.2	35.8	
Women with two children wanting no more children	33.2	29.9	43.3	59.6	60.0	58.7	
Mean no. of children ever born to women age 40-49 years	3.9	4.0	3.4	3.6	3.6	3.3	
Current use of Family Planning Methods (%)							
Any method	48.8	47.8	52.1	52.0	50.9	57.4	
Any modern method	43.9	42.7	47.5	49.0	48.2	52.8	
Female sterilization	21.5	21.1	22.7	30.6	30.5	30.9	
Male sterilization	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.5	0.5	0.2	
Pill	14.3	14.1	15.1	10.9	10.6	12.3	
IUD	3.8	3.5	4.8	3.7	3.4	4.9	
Condom	3.6	3.4	4.4	3.1	2.9	3.6	
Any traditional method	4.9	5.0	4.4	2.9	2.6	4.6	
Unmet Need for Family Planning (%)							
Total unmet need ⁴	32.3	33.0	29.4	14.3	13.6	18.0	
Unmet Need for spacing	20.4	21.3	17.6	3.9	3.7	4.9	
Unmet Need for limiting	11.7	11.7	11.8	10.4	9.9	13.1	
Ever use of Emergency Contraceptive Pills (ECP)	3.8	3.0	6.8	0.4	0.2	1.0	

¹ Includes pipe water into dwelling, piped to yard/plot, public tap/standpipe/hand pump/tube well/bore well/well covered/protected spring, tanker/truck, cart with small tank/drum and packaged/bottled water. ² LPG/PNG/Electricity/Biogas, ³ DLHS-4 reference period is from 1-1-2008 to survey date; DLHS-3 reference period is from 1-1-2004 to survey date.

Unmet need for spacing includes fecund women who are neither pregnant nor amenorrhea, who are not using any method of family planning, and say they want to wait two or more years for their next birth. It also includes fecund women who are not using any method of family planning, and say they are unsure whether they want another child or who want another child but are unsure when to have the birth.

Unmet need for limiting includes fecund women who are neither pregnant nor amenorrhea, who are not using any method of family planning, and who want no more children. ⁴Total unmet need refers to unmet need for limiting and spacing (These definitions are similar to NFHS-3).

Arunachal Pradesh - Key Indicators

	DLHS-4 (2012-13)			DLHS-3 (2007-08)			
Indicators		RURAL		TOTAL	RURAL	1 -	
Quality of Family Planning Services (%)							
Non-users ever advised by health personnel to adopt any family planning method	15.1	16.4	10.8	8.3	8.5	7.6	
Current users told about side effects of method		11.7	15.5	9.4	9.4	9.5	
Users who received follow-up services for sterilization and IUD within 48 hours	48.3	46.9	52.5	80.3	79.4	84.5	
Post-partum adoption of family planning for sterilization		65.0	75.4	54.8	53.2	62.1	
Antenatal Care (women who had last live/still birth during reference period) (%)						4	
Pregnant women who received any antenatal check-up	61.6	54.7	85.0	63.3	60.1	75.5	
Pregnant women who had antenatal check-up in first trimester		28.4	56.5	36.2	34.5	42.7	
Pregnant women who had three or more ANC visits		36.8	67.4	46.4	42.5	61.7	
Pregnant women who had at least one tetanus toxoid injection		52.2	82.9	61.4	58.2	73.8	
Pregnant women whose Blood Pressure (BP) taken		43.8	73.3	53.6	50.6	65.4	
Pregnant women who had blood tested (Hb)		27.1	51.3	50.8*	46.5*	66.5*	
Pregnant women whose abdomen examined		25.6	44.4	39.5	35.3	55.2	
Pregnant women who consumed 100 or more IFA Tablets/Syrup equivalent		13.6	30.6	42.9	45.2	34.3	
Pregnant women who had full antenatal care ⁵		10.3	24.4	42.9 5.4	43.2	9.3	
Delivery Care (women who had live/still birth during reference period) (%)	13.3	10.5	24.4	5.4	4.4	9.5	
	49.5	41.0	78.7	47.7	42.5	67.7	
Institutional delivery		41.0		47.7		67.7	
Delivery at government health institutions.		35.8	59.2	45.2	40.5	63.1	
Delivery at private health institutions		5.2	19.5	2.5	2.0	4.6	
Delivery by Caesarean section at government health institutions		2.3	3.8	2.9	2.4	4.8	
Delivery by Caesarean section at private health institutions		1.6	5.7	0.6	0.4	1.1	
Delivery at home		56.6	21.0	52.1	57.2	32.3	
Delivery at home conducted by skilled health personnel (out of total deliveries)		3.4	2.2	1.2	1.3	8.0	
Mothers who received post-natal care within 48 hours of Institutional delivery		44.1	47.1	38.7	36.9	45.2	
Mothers who received post-natal care within two weeks of Institutional delivery		47.1	51.7	42.9	40.0	53.2	
Delivery attended by skilled health personnel		44.4	80.9	48.9	43.8	68.5	
Discharge of mothers from institution after minimum stay of 48 hours	25.3	24.5	26.7	NA	NA	NA	
Out of pocket expenditure per delivery in public health facility (Rs. in 000+)	5.6	5.9	4.8	NA	NA	NA	
Percentage of women who received JSY benefits							
Home delivery	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.3	1.2	1.5	
Institutional delivery	22.7	23.1	22.1	10.7	11.4	9.0	
Percentage of Women who had							
Any Pregnancy complication ⁷		37.7	45.9	29.8	29.4	31.1	
Any Delivery complication ⁷	25.8	25.5	26.9	46.7	45.6	51.0	
Any Post-delivery complication ⁷	16.2	16.7	14.4	16.5	15.9	18.7	
Problem of vaginal discharge during last three months	10.3	9.6	12.6	5.0	5.0	5.1	
Menstrual related problems during last three months**	14.6	14.2	15.9	9.0	8.9	9.4	
Percentage of pregnancy resulted in							
Live Birth	96.7	97.2	94.8	97.2	96.9	98.6	
Still Birth	0.8	8.0	0.9	0.5	0.6	0.4	
Induced abortion	1.3	0.9	2.7	0.6	0.8	0.1	
Spontaneous abortion	1.2	1.1	1.6	1.6	1.8	0.9	
Child Immunization (%) (Children age 12-23 months)							
Number of children	1,139	934	205	630	454	176	
Received full vaccination8	49.2	44.6	63.6	13.5	13.9	12.5	
Not received any vaccination	12.2	13.7	7.4	12.1	11.5	13.7	
Received BCG vaccine		71.5	88.2	74.4	71.7	81.5	
Received 3 doses of DPT vaccine		69.5	75.8	55.6	50.1	70.2	
Received 3 doses of polio vaccine		70.1	78.4	19.5	20.3	17.3	
Received measles vaccine		55.0	77.0	32.8	36.4	23.2	
Children (age 9-35 months) received at least one dose of vitamin A supplement in last 6							
months	44.2	40.5	56.7	45.1	41.9	54.9	

^{.5}Full ANC: At least three visits for antenatal check-up, one TT injection received and 100 IFA tablets or adequate amount of syrup consumed.

6Doctor/ANM/Nurse/midwife/LHV/Other health personnel, Women who had their last live/still birth since 1-1-2008. BCG, 3-injection of DPT, 3 doses of Polio (excluding polio zero) and Measles. Any type of blood tested ** Excludes pregnant, in amenorrhea, in menopause, had hysterectomy and ever menstruated women

Arunachal Pradesh - Key Indicators

	DLHS-4 (2012-13)			DLHS-3 (2007-08)			
Indicators	TOTAL RURAL URBAN			RURAL			
Child feeding practices (based on last-born child in the reference period) (%)							
Children age 0-5 months exclusively breastfed ⁹	70.2	70.8	68.5	51.5	52.6	47.9	
Children age 6-9 months receiving solid/semi-solid food and breast milk	69.0	66.8	77.1	44.3	42.2	50.4	
Children age 12-23 months receiving breast feeding along with complementary feeding**	62.2	61.4	64.7	NA	NA	NA	
Children age 6-35 months exclusively breastfed for at least 6 months	24.2	22.6	29.7	37.9	37.8	38.2	
Children under 3 years breastfed within one hour of birth	55.7	57.7	48.9	38.1	37.0	41.4	
Birth Weight (%) (age below 36 months)							
Percentage of Children weighed at birth	48.9	41.4	74.5	NA	NA	NA	
Percentage of Children with low birth weight (out of those who weighed) (below 2.5 kg)	4.8	4.8	4.8	NA	NA	NA	
Awareness about Diarrhoea (%)							
Women know about what to do when a child gets diarrhoea	73.9	70.1	86.1	88.4	87.1	95.6	
Awareness about ARI (%)							
Women aware about danger signs of ARI ¹⁰	46.5	42.2	60.2	73.4	71.3	83.2	
Treatment of childhood diseases (based on last two surviving children born during the							
reference period) (%)	0.4	0.5	0.0		4.0	0.5	
Prevalence of diarrhoea in last 2 weeks for children under 5 year	3.4	3.5	3.0	4.1	4.2	3.5	
Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks and received ORS ¹¹	54.1	52.7	60.0	64.1	58.7	87.3	
Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks given Zinc along with ORS	46.2	41.9	64.7	NA 	NA	NA	
Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks and sought advice/treatment	47.8	42.2	71.4	57.9	59.0	52.8	
Prevalence of ARI in last 2 weeks for children under 5 years	5.2	5.4	4.4	1.7	1.7	2.2	
Children with acute respiratory infection or fever in last 2 weeks and sought advice/treatment	55.9	53.1	68.6	80.9	83.6	75.0	
Awareness of RTI/STI and HIV/AIDS (%)	400	40.7	07.5	04.7	20.5	07.0	
Women who have heard of RTI/STI	16.3	12.7	27.5	21.7	20.5	27.9	
Women who have heard of HIV/AIDS	70.3	64.8	87.8	75.6	72.9	88.4	
Women who have any symptoms of RTI/STI	19.1	19.1	19.1	10.2	9.8	12.2	
Women who know the place to go for testing of HIV/AIDS ¹²	47.8	42.8	59.8	72.7	71.3	78.3	
Women underwent test for detecting HIV/AIDS ¹²	20.6	16.1	31.0	8.0	7.1	11.6	
Utilization of Government Health Services (%)	00.0	00.0	05.0	00.4	07.7	00.4	
Antenatal care	89.0	90.6	85.3	96.4	97.7	93.4	
Treatment for pregnancy complications	84.1	86.6	80.0	93.5	95.4	86.6	
Treatment for post-delivery complications	73.2	78.4	59.7	92.3	95.4	80.4	
Treatment for vaginal discharge	59.3	64.1	50.6	73.4	77.7	58.6	
Treatment for children with diarrhoea ¹³	78.4	81.0	72.2	91.7	94.3	81.3	
Treatment for children with ARI ¹³	69.0	70.8	62.9	85.6	90.9	72.2	
Birth Registration (%)	40.0	40.0	07.4	NIA	NIA	NI A	
Children below age 5 years having birth registration done	48.0	42.0	67.1	NA	NA	NA	
Children below age 5 years who received birth certificate (out of those registered)	81.3	79.7	84.6	NA	NA	NA	
Personal Habits (age 15 years and above) (%) Men who use any kind of smokeless tobacco	EC 0	EC C	E7 7	NΙΛ	NΙΛ	NΙΛ	
,	56.8	56.6	57.7	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	
Women who use any kind of smokeless tobacco	33.7	33.5	34.2	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	
	41.9	43.4	36.6	NA NA	NA NA	NA	
Women who smoke	7.9	9.1	3.6	NA NA	NA NA	NA	
Men who consume alcohol	65.4	67.4	58.0	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	
Women who consume alcohol	38.1	41.8	25.9	NA	NA	NA	

⁹ Children Who were given nothing but breast milk till the survey date ¹⁰Acute Respiratory Infections ¹¹Oral Rehydration Solutions/Salts. ¹²Based on the women who have heard of HIV/AIDS. ¹³ Last two weeks **includes infant food, tinned powdered or fresh animal milk, fruit juice, tea/coffee or other liquid. na: percentage not shonw because of less number of cases.

Arunachal Pradesh - Key Indicators

	DLHS-4 (2012-13)			DLH	DLHS-3 (2007-08)			
Indicators			URBAN			URBAN		
Reported Prevalence of Morbidity								
Any Injury	1.3	1.4	0.8	NA	NA	NA		
Acute Illness	17.6	17.4	18.3	NA	NA	NA		
Chronic Illness	7.1	7.0	7.4	NA	NA	NA		
Reported Prevalence of Chronic Illness during last one year (%)								
Disease of respiratory system	10.0	10.1	9.8	NA	NA	NA		
Disease of cardiovascular system	4.3	4.6	3.4	NA	NA	NA		
Persons suffering from tuberculosis	3.5	3.5	3.7	NA	NA	NA		
Nutritional status of children below 5 years								
Children below 5 years wasting (weight for height- below 2 SD)	21.4	20.8	23.9	NA	NA	NA		
Children below 5 years wasting (weight for height- below 3 SD)	12.5	13.0	10.7	NA	NA	NA		
Children below 5 years stunting (height for age- below 2 SD)	39.8	41.8	32.4	NA	NA	NA		
Children below 5 years stunting (height for age- below 3 SD)	16.0	16.0	16.0	NA	NA	NA		
Children below 5 years underweight (weight for age- below 2 SD)	27.3	27.3	27.2	NA	NA	NA		
Children below 5 years underweight (weight for age- below 3 SD)	9.3	9.5	8.4	NA	NA	NA		
Anaemia Status by Haemoglobin Level ¹⁴ (%)								
Children (6-59 months) having anaemia	64.0	65.6	57.8	NA	NA	NA		
Children (6-59 months) having severe anaemia	6.1	6.8	3.6	NA	NA	NA		
Children (6-9 Years) having anaemia - Male	57.1	57.9	53.7	NA	NA	NA		
Children (6-9 Years) having severe anaemia - Male		5.1	3.1	NA	NA	NA		
Children (6-9 Years) having anaemia - Female		59.9	58.7	NA	NA	NA		
Children (6-9 Years) having severe anaemia - Female		4.5	3.7	NA	NA	NA		
Children (6-14 years) having anaemia - Male		54.1	54.5	NA	NA	NA		
Children (6-14 years) having severe anaemia - Male		4.1	3.2	NA	NA	NA		
Children (6-14 years) having anaemia - Female		57.5	57.7	NA	NA	NA		
Children (6-14 years) having severe anaemia - Female		4.4	3.7	NA	NA	NA		
Children (10-19 Years ¹⁵) having anaemia - Male		46.1	49.4	NA	NA	NA		
Children (10-19 Years ¹⁵) having severe anaemia - Male		2.9	2.1	NA	NA	NA		
Children (10-19 Years ¹⁵) having anaemia - Female		54.2	55.7	NA	NA	NA		
Children (10-19 Years ¹⁵) having severe anaemia - Female		3.7	2.7	NA	NA	NA		
Adolescents (15-19 years) having anaemia		46.6	49.8	NA	NA	NA		
Adolescents (15-19 years) having severe anaemia		2.7	1.6	NA	NA	NA		
Pregnant women (15-49 aged) having anaemia		62.0	60.8	NA	NA	NA		
Pregnant women (15-49 aged) having severe anaemia		6.3	4.0	NA	NA	NA		
Women (15-49 aged) having anaemia	0	55.8	59.8	NA	NA	NA		
Women (15-49 aged) having severe anaemia	00	4.2	3.8	NA	NA	NA		
Persons (20 years and above) having anaemia		47.1	51.1	NA	NA	NA		
Persons (20 years and above) having Severe anaemia	-	3.1	2.9	NA	NA	NA		
Blood Sugar Level (age 18 years and above) (%)	0.1	5.1	2.5					
Blood Sugar Level >140 mg/dl (high)	8.7	8.4	9.8	NA	NA	NA		
Blood Sugar Level >160 mg/dl (very high)		2.8	4.0	NA	NA	NA		
Hypertension (age 18 years and above) (%)	3.0	0		7 17 1				
Above Normal Range (Systolic >140 mm of Hg & Diastolic >90 mm of Hg)	23.8	23.8	23.7	NA	NA	NA		
Moderately High (Systolic >160 mm of Hg & Diastolic >100 mm of Hg)		7.3	7.1	NA	NA	NA		
Very High (Systolic >180 mm of Hg & Diastolic >110 mm of Hg)		2.9	2.5	NA	NA	NA		
¹⁴ Any anaemia below 11g/dl, severe anaemia below 7g/dl. ¹⁵ Excluding age group 19 years	0			1471	. */ `	. 17.1		
Chronic Illness :Any person with symptoms persisting for longer than one month is defined as si	uffering fro	m chronic	illness					
The state that one many person that symptoms personny for longer than one month is defined as si	anomy ile	or norm	, III 1033					

Arunachal Pradesh- Key Indicators

-	Number/F	ercentage
Indicators	DLHS-4	DLHS-3
Villages covered		
Number of villages	477	629
Health Facilities covered		
Number of Sub-Health Centres	111	112
Number of Primary Health Centres (PHC)	82	72
Number of Community Health Centres (CHC) including Block PHC	53	38
Number of Sub-Divisional Hospitals (SDH)	NA	NA
Number of District Hospitals (DH)	14	16
Health programmes at village level		
Percentage of villages having ASHA	86.8	69.7
Percentage of Villages having Village Health Nutrition and Sanitation Committee (VHNSC)	14.5	2.2
Accessibility of health facility (%)	-	
Villages with Sub-Health Centre within 3 km	59.1	47.1
Villages with PHC within 10 km	59.7	41.6
Availability of Health Infrastructure, Staff and Services (%)		
Sub-Health Centre		
Sub-Health Centre located in government building	92.0	96.4
Sub-Health Centre with ANM	69.4	93.8
Sub-Health Centre with male health worker	46.8	63.4
Sub-Health Centre with ANM residing in Sub-Health Centre guarter where facility is available	53.3	31.3
Sub-Health Centre with additional ANM	45.4	9.8
Primary Health Centre (PHC)	70.7	5.0
PHCs functioning on 24 X 7 hours basis	69.5	36.1
PHCs having Lady Medical Officer *	25.5	25.0
PHCs with at least 4 beds	68.2	79.1
PHCs with AYUSH doctor*	29.7	6.9
PHCs having residential quarter for Medical Officer	65.8	52.8
PHCs having new born care services on 24 X 7 hours basis	68.6	73.1
PHCs having referral services for pregnancies/delivery on 24 X 7 hours basis	17.5	34.6
PHCs conducted at least 10 deliveries during last one month on 24 X 7 hours basis	2.3	7.7
Community Health Centre (CHC)	2.5	7.7
CHCs having 24 X 7 hours normal delivery services	100.0	89.5
CHCs having 24 X 7 Hours Horman derivery services	2.0	34.2
CHCs having Obstetricial Poynaecologist	3.7	7.8
CHCs having Anesthetist CHCs having functional Operation Theatre	11.3	60.5
CHCs designated as FRUs	15.9	65.8
CHCs designated as FRUs offering caesarean section	12.5	12.0
	75.5	68.0
CHCs having new born care services on 24 X 7 hours basis	70.0	00.0
Sub Divisional Hospital (SDH) SDHs having Paediatrician	NA	NA
SDHs having regular radiographer	NA NA	NA NA
SDHs having 2D Echo facility	NA	NA NA
SDHs having Ultrasound facility	NA	NA
SDHs having old asound facility	NA	NA
	NA	NA
SDHs having critical care area	NA NA	NA NA
SDHs having suggestion and complaint box	INA	INA
District Hospital (DH)	25	20
DHs having Paediatrician	05	03
DHs having regular radiographer	02	01
DHs having 2D Echo facility	02	NA 04
DHs having Ultrasound facility	07	01
DHs having three phase connection	07	08
DHs having critical care area	04	06
DHs having suggestion and complaint box	10	08
* Out of total medical officers available		

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issues through high quality education, teaching and research. This will be achieved by (a) creating competent professionals, (b) generating and disseminating scientific knowledge and evidence, (c) collaboration and exchange of knowledge, and (d) advocacy and awareness."

For additional information, please contact:

Director/Project Coordinator (DLHS-4) International Institute for Population Sciences

Govandi Station Road, Deonar Mumbai - 400 088 (India)

Telephone: 022-4237 2465, 42372411

Fax: 022-25563257, 25555895

Email: rchpro@iips.net, director@iips.net

Website: http://www.rchiips.org

http://www.iipsindia.org

Additional Director General (Stat.)
Ministry of Health and Family Welfare
Government of India

Nirman Bhavan

New Chandigarh 110 011 Telephone: 011 - 23061334

Fax: 011 - 23061334

Email: adg-mohfw@nic.in

Chief Director (Stat.) Ministry of Health and Family Welfare

Government of India Nirman Bhavan

New Chandigarh 110 011 Telephone: 011 - 23062699

Fax: 011 - 23062699 Email: cdstat@nic.in

Website: http://www.mohfw.nic.in